

## Solving Two-Step Equations

Step 1: Use addition or subtraction to move the number on the same side of the variable.

Step 2: Use multiplication or division to move the number on the same side of the variable.

Directions: Solve each equation.

$$1. \quad 2x + 3 = 11$$
$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \\ \hline 2x = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$

$$2. \quad -2 = 6y - 14$$
$$\begin{array}{r} +14 \\ \hline 12 = 6y \end{array}$$

$$\frac{12}{6} = \frac{6y}{6}$$

$$\boxed{2 = y \text{ or } y = 2}$$

$$3. \quad 13 - 4m = 25$$
$$\begin{array}{r} -13 \\ \hline -4m = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-4m}{-4} = \frac{12}{-4}$$

$$\boxed{m = -3}$$

$$4. \quad -6 - x = -18$$
$$\begin{array}{r} +6 \\ \hline -x = -12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-x}{-1} = \frac{-12}{-1}$$

$$\boxed{x = 12}$$

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5.  $\frac{x}{12} + \cancel{7} = -3$        $-3 + \cancel{7} = -10$

$\cancel{12}) \cdot \frac{x}{\cancel{12}} = -10 \cdot \cancel{12}$

$$\boxed{x = -120}$$

6.  $6 - \frac{t}{6} = 12$

$\cancel{6} - \frac{\cancel{t}}{6} = 6 \cdot (-6)$

$$\boxed{t = -36}$$

7.  $\frac{x}{2} - 1\frac{2}{3} = 1\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{6 \cdot x}{6 \cdot 2} - \frac{5 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 4} = \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 3}$       LCD = 12

$\frac{6x}{12} - \frac{20}{12} = \frac{15}{12}$

$6x - 20 = 15$

$$\begin{array}{r} +20 \quad +20 \\ \hline 6x = 35 \\ \hline 4 \quad 6 \\ \hline x = 5 \frac{5}{6} \end{array}$$

$$6 \overbrace{\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ -30 \\ \hline 5 \end{array}}^{5 \frac{5}{6}}$$