

Adding and Subtracting Polynomials

$$3x^6 - x^4 + 2$$

Polynomial - A sum or difference of monomials/terms.

Degree - The exponent in a polynomial with the greatest value. **Degree=6**

Standard Form - The exponents are arranged in descending order.

- Find the sum or difference using horizontal form.

a) $(5x^3 - 6x^2 + x - 1) + (6x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x + 10)$

$$\underline{5x^3} - \underline{6x^2} + x - 1 + \underline{6x^3} + \underline{4x^2} - 7x + 10$$

$$\boxed{11x^3 - 2x^2 - 6x + 9}$$

b) $(-6x^2 + x - 8) + (-4x^2 + 18)$

$$-\underline{6x^2} + x - 8 - \underline{4x^2} + 18$$

$$\boxed{-10x^2 + x + 10}$$

c) $(3x^2 - 5x + 7) - (2x^2 - 5x + 6)$

$$\underline{3x^2} - \cancel{\underline{5x}} + 7 - \underline{2x^2} + \cancel{\underline{5x}} - 6$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + 1}$$

2. Find the sum or difference using vertical form.

a) $(-8x^4 + x^2 - 2) + (5x^3 + x^2 - 7x + 8)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -8x^4 \quad +x^2 \quad -2 \\
 5x^3 +x^2 \quad -7x +8 \\
 \hline
 -8x^4 +5x^3 +2x^2 -7x +6
 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{-8x^4 + 5x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x + 6}$$

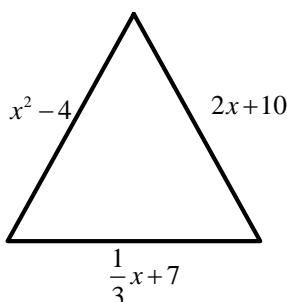
b) $(2x^2 + 4x) - \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x\right)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 + 2x^2 + 4x \\
 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x \\
 \hline
 \boxed{\frac{3}{2}x^2 + 6x}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$LCD = 2$$

3. Write an expression for the perimeter of the triangle.



$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= x^2 - 4 + 2x + 10 + \frac{1}{3}x + 7 \\
 P &= x^2 + \frac{7}{3}x + 13
 \end{aligned}$$

LCD = 3

$$\frac{6}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$