

Limits of Trigonometric Functions

Step 1: Substitute the value into the limit.

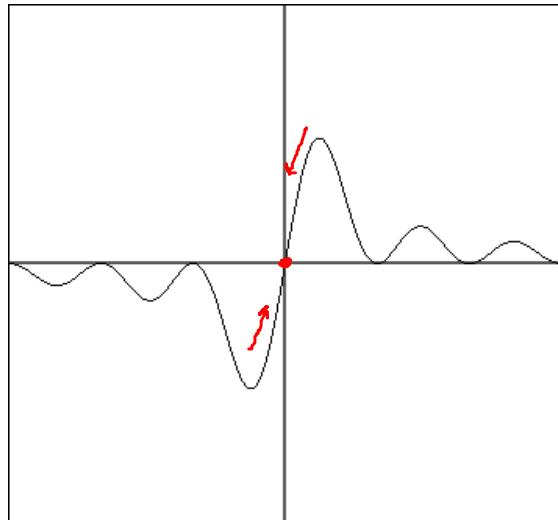
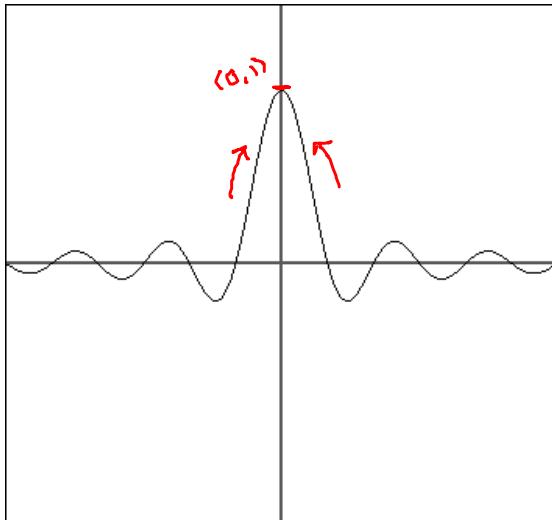
Step 2: If the denominator equals zero, try one of the following techniques:

- Apply a trigonometric identity.
- Apply a special limit.

Special Limits

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = 0$$



Directions: Evaluate each limit.

1) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \sin \theta = \sin 0 = \boxed{0}$

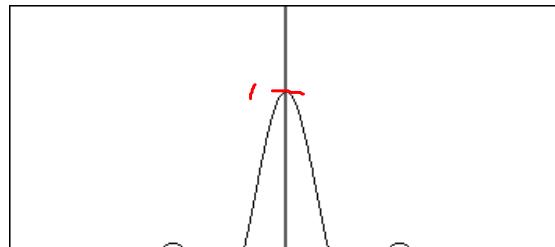
2) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \cos \theta = \cos 0 = \boxed{1}$

3) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \tan \theta = \tan 0 = \frac{\sin 0}{\cos 0} = \frac{0}{1} = \boxed{0}$

4) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = \boxed{1}$

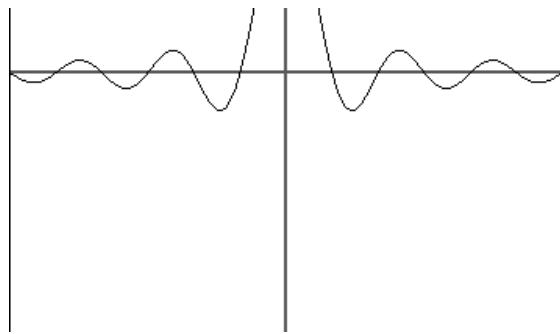
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

5) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \boxed{0}$



$$6) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x} = \frac{\sin u}{\frac{u}{3}} = \sin u \cdot \frac{u}{\frac{u}{3}} = \sin u \cdot 3$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin u \cdot 3}{u} = \frac{\sin u}{u} \cdot 3 \approx 1 \cdot 3 = \boxed{3}$



$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = \frac{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{x}{1}} = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{\cos 0} = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{1} = 1 \cdot 1 = \boxed{1}$

$$8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} = \frac{\sin x \cdot \sin x}{x \cdot x} = \frac{\sin x}{x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 \cdot 1 = \boxed{1}$$

$$9) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x^2 + 1} = \frac{\tan 0}{0^2 + 1} = \frac{0}{1} = \boxed{0}$$

$$10) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} x \cdot \sec x = x \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{x}{\cos x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{x}{\cos x} = \frac{\pi}{\cos \pi} = \frac{\pi}{-1} = \boxed{-\pi}$$

$$11) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(1-\cos x)}{x} = 3 \cdot 0 = \boxed{0}$$

$$12) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1-\tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{\frac{1-\cos x}{\cos x} \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{1-\cos x}{\cos x} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x}} \quad \text{LCD} = \cos x \quad \frac{\cos x}{\cos x} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cos x} \div \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{1} = \frac{\cancel{\cos x - \sin x}}{\cancel{\cos x}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin x - \cos x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/4} \frac{-1}{\cos x} = \frac{-1}{\cos 45^\circ} = \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = -1 \div \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = -1 \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1} = \boxed{-\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 45^\circ$$

