

The Equation of a Circle

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

center (h, k)

radius = r

1. Identify the center and radius of each circle.

a) $(x+4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$

center: $(-4, 3)$
radius = $\sqrt{25} = 5$

b) $(x-1)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 1$

center: $(1, 6)$
radius = $\sqrt{1} = 1$

c) $x^2 + (y-1)^2 = \frac{4}{81}$

center: $(0, 1)$
radius = $\sqrt{\frac{4}{81}} = \frac{2}{9}$

d) $\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(y + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = .04$

center: $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$ OR $(.5, -1.5)$
radius = $\sqrt{.04} = .2$

e) $x^2 + y^2 = 2$

center: $(0, 0)$
radius = $\sqrt{2}$ OR 1.4

2. Write the equation of each circle and sketch the graph.

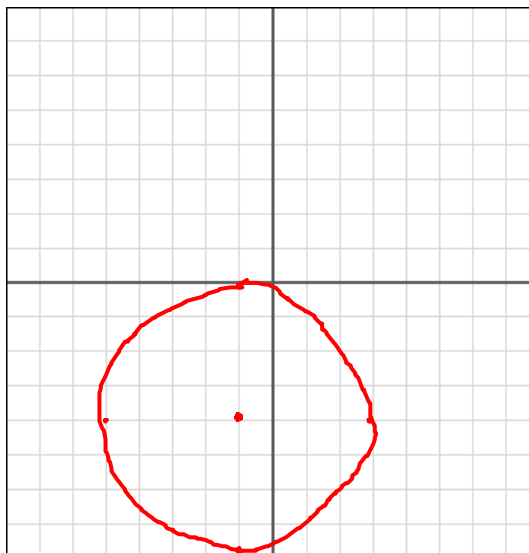
a) center $(-1, -4)$

radius = 4

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

$$(x+1)^2 + (y+4)^2 = (4)^2$$

$$(x+1)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 16$$



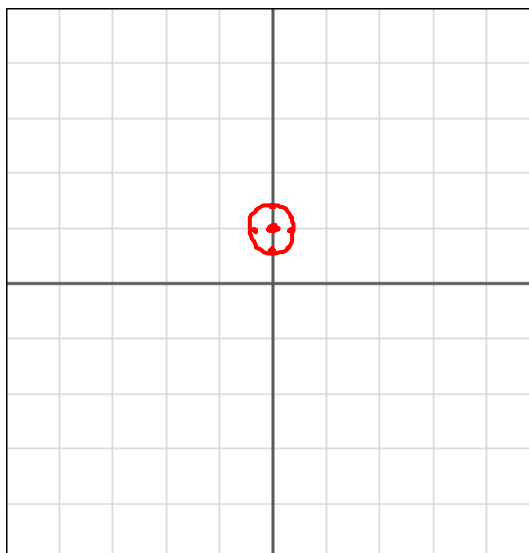
b) center $(0, 1)$

radius = $\frac{1}{3}$

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

$$(x-0)^2 + (y-1)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2$$

$$x^2 + (y-1)^2 = \frac{1}{9}$$



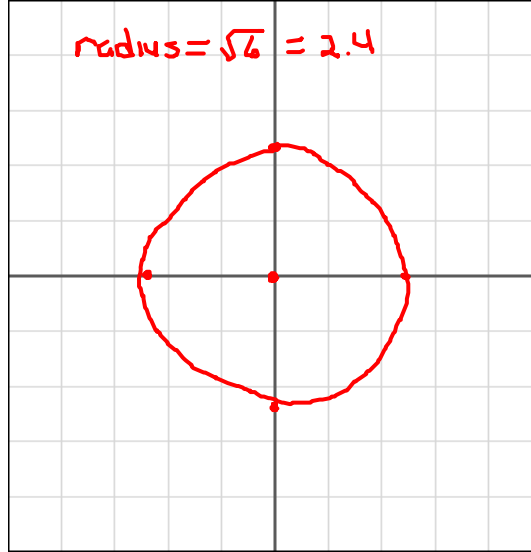
c) center is at the origin $(0,0)$
radius = $\sqrt{6}$

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

$$(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 = (\sqrt{6})^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 6$$

$$\text{radius} = \sqrt{6} = 2.4$$



d) center $(\frac{2}{3}, 0)$

$$\text{radius} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

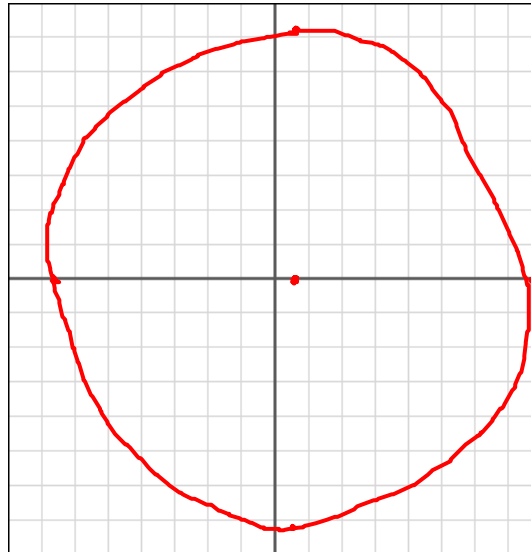
$$(x - \frac{2}{3})^2 + (y-0)^2 = (5\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$(x - \frac{2}{3})^2 + y^2 = 50$$

$$5\sqrt{2} \times 5\sqrt{2} = 25(2) = 50$$

$$R^2 = 50$$

$$\text{radius} = 5\sqrt{2} = 7.1$$



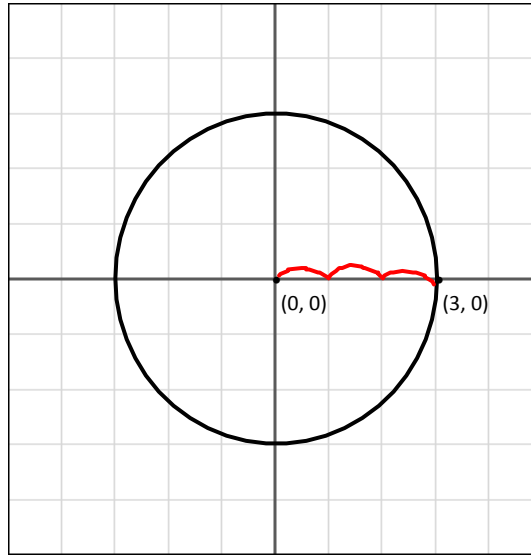
3. Write the equation for each circle.

a) center: $(0,0)$
radius: 3

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

$$(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 = (3)^2$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + y^2 = 9}$$



b) center: $(4,-1)$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$x_1 \ y_1 \quad x_2 \ y_2$

$$(4, -1) \quad (7, -3)$$

$$d = \sqrt{(7-4)^2 + (-3-(-1))^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{9+4}$$

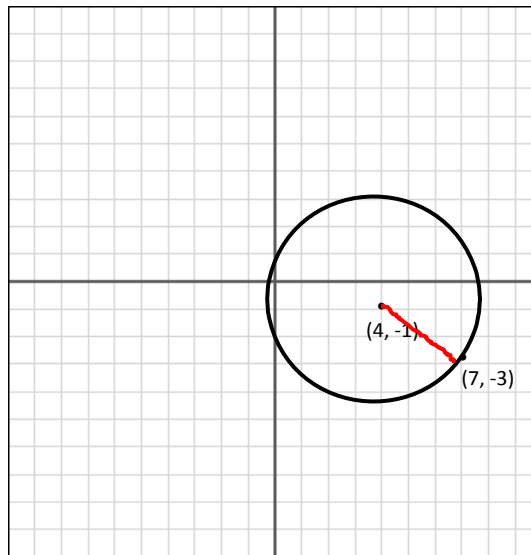
$$d = \sqrt{13}$$

$$\text{radius} = \sqrt{13}$$

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = R^2$$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+1)^2 = (\sqrt{13})^2$$

$$\boxed{(x-4)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 13}$$



4. Write the equation of the circle where the endpoints of the diameter are (-6, 2) and (1, -3).

x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2

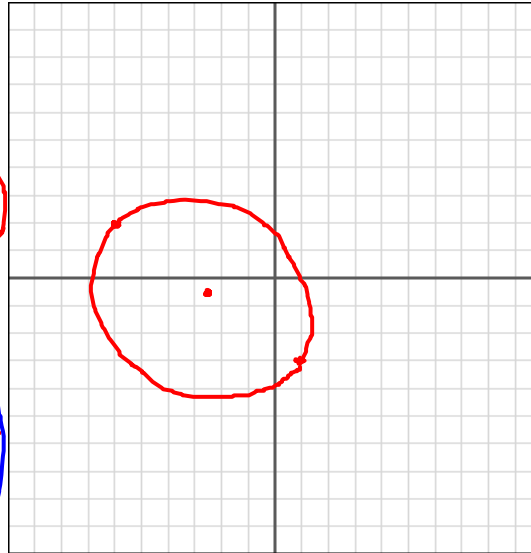
center:

$$(x_m, y_m) = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{-6+1}{2}, \frac{2+(-3)}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{-5}{2}, \frac{-1}{2} \right)$$

$$(-2.5, -0.5)$$

center: $(-5/2, -1/2)$



radius: $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$
 $d = \sqrt{(1 - (-6))^2 + (-3 - 2)^2}$

$$d = \sqrt{(7)^2 + (-5)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{49 + 25}$$

$$d = \sqrt{74}$$

diameter = $\sqrt{74}$

radius = $\frac{\sqrt{74}}{2}$

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = R^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 + \left(y + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{74}}{2} \right)^2$$

$$\left(x + \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 + \left(y + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{74}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{74}}{2} = \frac{74}{4}$$

$$\frac{74}{4} \div 2 = \frac{37}{2}$$