

Sum, Difference, Product, Quotient and Composition of Functions

Sum: $(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$

Difference: $(f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$

Product: $(f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$

Quotient: $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}, \quad g(x) \neq 0$

1. For $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ and $g(x) = x - 6$ find:

a) $(f + g)(x)$

b) $(f - g)(x)$

c) $(f \cdot g)(x)$

d) $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$

$$\text{e) } (f + g)(-4)$$

$$\text{f) } (f + g)(x - 4)$$

Composition of Functions

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$$

2. Find $(f \circ g)(x)$ and $(g \circ f)(x)$.

a) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$, $g(x) = x^3 - 2$

b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{5}x - 2$, $g(x) = 5x + 2$

c) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$, $g(x) = x^2 - 3$

$$\text{d)} \ f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}, \ g(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 2}$$

3. Find two functions f and g such that $(f \circ g)(x) = h(x)$.

a) $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{2-x}$

b) $h(x) = \frac{3}{(2x-1)^2}$

c) $h(x) = (x+1)^3 + 2(x+1)^2$