

# Exponents

## Rules for Exponents

Multiplying Exponents:  $x^m \cdot x^n = x^{m+n}$

Dividing Exponents:  $\frac{x^m}{x^n} = x^{m-n}$

Power Rule:  $(x^m)^n = x^{m \cdot n}$

Zero Exponent Rule:  $x^0 = 1$

Negative Exponent Rule:  $x^{-m} = \frac{1}{x^m}$ ,  $\frac{1}{x^{-m}} = x^m$ ,  $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{-m} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^m$

Directions: Simplify and express your answer with positive exponents.

1.  $x^{-9} \cdot x^{12}$

2.  $4^2 \cdot 4$

3.  $3x^{-8} \cdot 4x^{-7}$

4.  $\frac{48x^{-12}}{60x^3}$

5.  $(x^{-6})^{-2}$

6.  $(-4)^{-2}$

7.  $(3x^3)^0$

8.  $-3^{-2}$

9.  $(6x^3)^{-3}$

10.  $(3x^{10}y^{-4})^5$

$$11. (-x^7y^8)^4$$

$$12. \left( \frac{2a^2b^3c^{-4}}{8a^4b^{-4}c} \right)^{-2}$$

$$13. (5y^2)(4y^{-3}z^4)^2$$

$$14. \left( \frac{x^{12}y^3}{y^{-2}z} \right)^{-4}$$

$$15. \left( \frac{x^{-2}}{y^{-2}} \right) \left( \frac{y}{x} \right)^3$$