Solving Rational Equations

Step 1: Factor all denominators and find restrictions.

Step 2: Find the least common denominator (LCD).

Step 3: Multiply each fraction by what is missing in the LCD.

Step 4: Cancel all denominators.

Step 5: Solve for the variable and check your answer.

Directions: Find all solutions of each rational equation.

1.
$$3 - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{5}{2}$$

2.
$$\frac{5}{3x} + \frac{3}{x} = 1$$

$$3. \ \frac{x-5}{x+3} = \frac{1}{5}$$

4.
$$\frac{3(x-6)}{5} = \frac{4(x+2)}{3}$$

$$5. \ \frac{3a-2}{2a+2} = \frac{3}{a-1}$$

6.
$$\frac{1}{x+3} + \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{3}{x^2 - 9}$$

7.
$$\frac{3y-2}{y+1} = 4 - \frac{y+2}{y-1}$$

8.
$$\frac{2x}{x+2} = \frac{x}{x+3} - \frac{3}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$$