Congruent Triangles

 $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$

Congruent Triangles - Two triangles are congruent if and only if their corresponding parts are congruent.

Third Angle Theorem - If two angles of one triangle are congruent to two angles of a second triangle, then the third angles of the triangles are congruent.



Properties of Congruent Triangles

Reflexive Property - Every triangle is congruent to itself.

Symmetric Property - If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ then $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle ABC$.

Transitive Property - If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ and $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle GHI$ then $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle GHI$.

- 1. Complete each congruence statement.
 - a) $\triangle ABC \cong$ _____









2. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$

a) If AB = 8, BC = 14, AC = 10 and DF = 2x - 4, find the value of x.

b) If $m \measuredangle A = 42^{\circ}$, $m \measuredangle E = 60^{\circ}$ and $m \measuredangle F = 3x + 18$, find the value of *x*.

3. If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$, *AB* is three less than three times a number, *DE* is five more than a number, *AC* is five times a number and *DF* is twelve more than twice a number, find *AB*, *AC*, *DE* and *DF*.

